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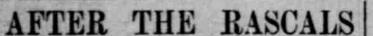
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GOFF AGAIN WORRYING NEW YORK'S CORRUPT OFFICIALS.

Many Pertinent Questions Put to Commissioner Andrews-District Attorney Fellows Under Fire.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.-The first witness called before the Lexow committee to-day was Charles H. Demeseaux, book-keeper of the French Cooks' Society. He did not, however, have some of his books with him that Mr. Goff thought necessary and examination was adjourned until this afternoon, when it was expected there would be spicy testimony, regarding the connection of the police with the famous French

Edward H. Horner, real estate dealer, was then called to the stand, "How long have you been out of the Oswego bond swindling business?" was asked.

"I never was in it," he replied. The witness stated that he had been engaged in selling and buying Austrian and Hungarian bonds for ten years, Mr. Goff put a number of questions designed to show that the witness had been permitted by the police to conduct a swindling business. He was dismissed with orders to produce in court to-morrow all the books used in his transactions. Mr. Andrews, commissioner of street cleaning, was sworn and entered a general denial of the charge of bribery while an excise commissioner, brought by a witness named Tomlinson.

August Lewis was called to the stand and contradicted Andrews's statements as to the granting of the saloon license. Then Andrews was recalled and stated that he was not positive about the man but that a man claiming to be Lewis had appeared before the board and that the license had seen granted to him. Mr. Goff pressed Andrews for an explanation of why a license should have been refused one person and granted to another, known to be the representative of the first, to conduct a saloon upon the same premises. There were several animated passages between counsel and witness.

After recess Mr. Goff excused all witnesses except those connected with Com loner Andrews's case, until to-morrow. Mr. Andrews resumed the stand. Mr. Goff wanted to know if there had been a hear-ing before the full board on the application f Lambert. The witness could not rememer. Lambert's application had been refused. Witness said there had been a hearing in Lewis case, but Mr. Goff said he could find no record of it and called a witness to show that he had all the records

"You said that you always wrote opin-ions for refusing licenses. Why was none written for refusing the notorious Tortoni and a long one written of this Katt case?" asked Mr. Goff. Mr. Andrews evaded the question.

"You granted licenses to the notorious Royal Hotel, on Forty-second street, and Griffith's Hotel, Sixth avenue and Fortyfourth street." "Yes. No protests were made against

You always heard of the Royal Hotel that it was a nice family hotel, did you not?" asked Mr. Goff. 'Yes sir. I knew respectable people who ived there.' "Then you regard the Hotel Royal in the same way that you did the Hotel Tor-toni?"

"No. I can't say that I did."
"And you thought that the St. Omer
Hotel, on Sixth avenue, was a nice clean "I think I heard something, some rumor,

think it was, concerning that St. Omer Hotel, but when the application was made there was no objection and no protest was made, so the application was granted." In the memorandum made by the witness at the time, he said that ex-Police Justice Vhite personally vouched for Lewis. Ex-Police Justice Andrew J. White, who

was sitting by the rail, was suddenly called to the stand. He trotted up a little ner-vously and sat down. "Did you ever see this man August L. Lewis before?" asked Mr. Goff, while Lewis stood beside him. "I never did."

"Did you ever go with him to the excise board to vouch for him?" "No, sir, I never did." Mr. White was then let go. He looked relieved. Mr. Andrews took his place in the stand. He reiterated his conviction that White had vouched for Lewis, which

Mr. Goff read a letter of June 27, 1885, written by Andrews to Joseph S. Miller,

Awarued Highest Honors-World's Pair.



MOST PERFECT MADE pure Grape Cream of Yartar Powder. Free 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in which he indorsed Tomlinson in the highest possible terms, saying he was worthy of any confidence and a man of unquestioned in-tegrity. He had known him for eighteen years. Mr. Goff then tried to get witness to explain why he had come to think Tomlinson unworthy of confidence, thus leading up to the spite which caused his testimony against Andrews. The witness could give none. There had been no change in his regard for Tomlinson up to 1889. Tomlinson remained with the excise board after the witness had left it. Tomlinson had been a county Democrat, but changed to Tammany Hall in 1888. Mr. Goff asked him if he had not accepted a bribe of \$500 for the Tortoni license. Witness denied it. Inspectors Collins and Hagerty were com to resign from the excise department on account of the theft and sale of an old license in order that the purchaser

'They stole them, did they not?" "I presume they did."
"And yet, after this breach of the rules of the commission they were only asked to resign?" said Mr. Goff, sarcastically.

'How did these men obtain these things?"

might secure a new one in its place.

asked Mr. Goff.

"And the matter was kept hushed as much as possible "I believe it was." Mr. Goff then turned his attention avocation clerk Bisland, who secured his position in the excise board through the fluence of Commissioner Andrews. The latter admitted that Bisland sent \$500 a year to his (Andrews's) wife in California. He also admitted brewer Jacob Ruppert had discounted one of his notes. No one else had done so. He kept an account at the Lincoln National Bank. Had once sworn in supplementary proceedings that he owned no real estate. Frequently deposited checks at the Lincoln to the order of M. Reiss, cierk in the excise department. This was to avoid judgment for creditors of the defunct Star, of which he had been a stockholder. These aggregated \$600,000. Commissioner Andrews testified that he had repeatedly deposited \$1,000 at the Lin-coln Bank, which he had borrowed from Senator George Plunkett. Mr. Goff mani

fested some surprise. "Now, as a matter of fact, wasn't that \$1,000 another bribe?" he asked. "No, sir; it was a loan. "Wasn't it a loan in consideration for contracts Plunkett got from your depart-

"Has he any contracts with your depart "Only the scow contract in the lower

'And was this \$1,000 ever paid back to Plunkett?" "How was that done?"
"I borrowed \$1,000 from Thomas J. Dunn "Well, why did you borrow the money This brought out the fact that Commis

sioner Andrews secured his present situa-tion through Charles W. Dayton, from whom he borrowed several thousand dollars some years ago. Postmaster Dayton told Dunn with which to pay Dayton. "You were in jail several years ago, were you not, Mr. Andrews?" asked Mr. Goff. "For three weeks, yes," answered Mr. ssioner Andrews modestly. "For refusing to turn over certain money in your hands to the proper author-

'No, sir; for contempt of court." "And in order to get out of jail, you promised you would go back to your proon of a dialect actor and earn enough money to pay the judgment against you? "That was twenty years ago, and I hardly remember all the details of the

"And was this judgment ever paid?"
"Every cent of it." "And do you mean to say that you don't know that you are a defaulting receiver

The hearing was adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow. Mr. Coff said to the witness: "If we need you again, Mr. Commissioner, we will send for you." Michael Ryan, the "green goods" king, and witness before the committee, was today indicted by the grand jury for perjury.

TRIAL OF COL. FELLOWS. Hearing of Charges Against New

York's District Attorney.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.-The hearing of th charges against District Attorney John R. Fellows was continued to-day. Delos Mc-Curdy, Colonel Fellows's lawyer, was assisted to-day by lawyer John Yard, Lawyer Phillips, for the German-Americans, announced that he would put his charges of yesterday in more definite form. The Jaehne family was brought up again. Lawyer Phillips showed that Charles L. Jaehne, brother of the "boodle" alderman, had gone on the bonds of thirteen persons for sums aggregating almost \$40,000. The case of lawyer W. R. Schooley, who was released on fraudulent bail furnished by one Eva Rapp, was next taken up. Mr. Phillips, reverting to the record made yesterday. claimed that the same property was offered as surety a short time after by a man named Alfred Baker, or Basket, and that no such person could be found by the detectives attached to the district attorney's

"Do you know Peter Delacey?" asked Air. Phillips. "I do," replied Mr. Unger. "Has he ever offered bond at the district attorney's office?"

'I believe he has.' "Do you know Delacey's business?" "I understand he is a bookmaker and keeper of a poolroom. The newspapers say he is a man of some wealth." "Oh, never mind the newspapers," said lawyer McCurdy, testily.
"I think," said Commissioner Linson "that a man's wealth may be established

Mr. Phillips took up a number of cases in which indictments had been found, but in none of which the defendance had been brought to trial. He included the case of "The" Alien, poolroom keeper, and John The" Alien, poolroom keeper, and John Eno, the Fifth-avenue bank embezzler. Lawyer McCurdy objected to Mr. Phillips's

line of inquiry, and it was so modified as to permit of a general reply, which, in substance, was that the failure of the district attorney to bring the cases to trial was due to private reasons or motives. The recess was taken earlier than usual to permit lawyers McCurdy and Phillips to make a comparison of the order of specifications and charges made against the

district attorney. Ex-Assistant District Attorney Wellman was then called. Among other questions he was asked if he knew whether any steps were taken by the district attorney to prevent Mrs. Thurow getting out of the jurisdiction of the court. "I do not know of any," he said, "but I do know that when the police cases were on, she was the one witness whom we so trusted that we did. not have detectives constantly watching her. She was a thoroughly respectable woman, so far as one in her business could

A copy of the correspondence between Messrs. Fellows and Wellman concerning the latter's resignation was then put in Clerk Unger next took the stand and said that since Colonel Fellows took office, 4.435 cases had been disposed of. A large number of cases had been lest over from the previous administration. He would try to learn

Dr. Michael O'Brien testified that his horse and buggy had been stolen by Thomas D. Cronogue. When he came to court to appear against Cronogue there was delay in the case coming up. Assistant attorney Townsend refused to call the case that day, though it was the third on the list and witness had since heard nothing of the case. Cronogue had said he would never be convicted. A question as to Cronogue having relatives in the district attorney's office was ruled out as hearsay evidence. Townsend had held a whispered conversation with the prisoner when they were in court.

CHICAGO'S DRAINAGE CANAL.

Over Ten Million Dollars Already Spent in Its Construction.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.-President Frank Wenter, of the board of trustees controlling the great drainage canal now under construction connecting Lake Michigan with the tributaries of the Mississippi, was to-day unanimously re-elected to his fourth term in that office. Mr. Wenter's annual message was a notable one. He dwelt on the advantages resulting from the board's steady exclusion of rank partisanship and strict adherence to business methods, and said: "The magnitude of the enterprise is such that even the government of the United States, had it undertaken the work, could say that it was a task worthy of a nation. The total expenditures from its inception are \$10,193,130, and the trustees have on hand \$2,466,388 cash. There are at present actually employed on the work 6,179 men. While the channel is primarily being the Commissioner borrowed money from present and future, nothing has been left indone to make it possible that the canal be used for navigation as an outlet to the south, on the assumption that the United States government will ultimately con-struct the necessary link from Lockport to Lasalle, a distance of sixty-five miles, and from Lasalle to the mouth of the Illinois river, 220 miles. Already more than 40 per cent. of the material in the channel has been excavated, and the board looks for-ward with confidence to seeing the work an accomplished fact by the end of 1896. The President's message closes with an estimate of \$27,000,000 for the whole work. It was received with approval.

WEATHER FORECAST.

fair and Warmer in Indiana To-Day. with Southwest Winds. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.-For Indiana-Fair: warmer: southwest winds. For Illinois-Fair; slightly warmer; south-

For Ohio-Fair; warmer; southwest winds.

Local Observations. Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 4. lime. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Pre. 81 N'west Cloudy. 7 A.M. 30.23 26 7 P.M. 30.15 35 66 South. Clear.

Maximum temperature, 40; minimum temper-

ature, 25. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation, Dec. Excess or deficiency since Nov. 1 Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 *684 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS,

Rain in Texas. DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 4 .- A steady fifteenhour rain has just fallen. Although it is now the winter season, never was a rain more welcome. None had fallen in three months. Everything was as dry as dust, creeks, water holes, branches, all the cisterns and many wells had failed.

Local Forecast Official.

"Three-Fingered Jack" Killed. PERRY, O. T., Dec. 4.—Jack Phineas, alias "Three-fingered Jack," one of the most notorious outlaws in Oklahoma, was killed while in bed with his wife near Kildare last night by an unknown person. He was a member of the famous Dalton gang, and during his eventful career has probably committed every crime on the calen-About 10 o'clock somebody crept stealthily into the room where he was sleeping and cut the throat of the outlaw from ear to ear.

Insurance Boycott to Be Raised. ATLANTA. Ga., Dec. 4.—The Georgia State Senate, by a vote of 31 to 1, passed the bill opening the State to all insurance companies, notwithstanding the State de-posit law. This action was brought about by companies doing business under the present law having formed a pool under the name of the Southeastern Tariff Association and raising rates 33 1-3 per cent. higher

in this State than they charge in other

PEOPLE OF ALABAMA.

Taxes Until the Case of the Claimant Is Considered.

JOHN GARY EVANS TAKES THE SOUTH CAROLINA GOVERNORSHIP.

MR. TILLMAN STEPS OUT

Points from His Inaugural Address-Advice to Political Mossbacks-The Dispensary Law.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 4.-R. F. Kolb, who claims to be Governor of Alabama, to-day completed a message to the Legislature, which he signs as Governor and which will be transmitted to that body tomorrow. The message is also addressed to the people of Alabama, and is a long and, in many respect, revolutionary document, as it recommends that his followers do not pay their taxes for awhile. He further

"I advise those tax collectors who value the cause I represent, and which will aspayments of State taxes into the State treasury until an impartial hearing is had contest law." When it is remembered that the tax col-

lectors in thirty-eight out of sixty-six counties in the State are Kolbites, it will be seen that if they take his advice the Kolb government will find strong support and Alabama will be threatened with anarchy. In his message Kolb says further: "The revolutionary condition of our State government must become the subject of your The plans of usurpers, so alarming to you, are abating nothing to reduce you to an object of final submission to their unbridled will and passions. You have seen your just demands for the full execution of the election system of Governor and other State officers, secured to you by sacred constitutional guarantees, deliberately set aside by the Legislature, itself only a creature of the Constitution. I declare to you, without fear of contradiction, that if the present party in control of your government be not arrested in its mad career, no elections can be held in Alabama under the law and Constitution. In the name of the great body of the white men of Alabama I have set in motion their solemn protest. I have taken the oath of Governor and I intend to prosecute, in your name, my right to that office, solely upon the claim that by your ballots, cast in the legitimate and orderly way prescribed by the forms of law, I was appoint-

ed to it on Aug. 6, 1894." Kolb then reviews the provisions of the Constitution and says: "Because the Legislature of 1892-93 did expressly revoke the sections of the civil code, however unperfected, which seemed to allow a contest of election of Governor and other State officers, refusing on demand to restore them or to substantiate others of a reasonable and practicable nature, you are perfectly justified in declaring there can be no election of Governor or other State officers under the Constitution of Alabama binding on you which is tainted with fraud at the

ballot box." Kolb urges the Legislature to enact con-test laws and advises his friends to organize clubs to assist in the general object of his appeal. The message concludes: "If Colonel Oates and his faction fear not the truth, if they court equity and are ready to abide by justice, they will hesitate at nothing to remove the color of dishonor from his title to the office he has seized by arms. Again I say my contention is alone for the execution of the guarantees offered by the Constitution of my State of liberty for all. I demand of the Legislature that action which every member, on oath, has bound himself solemnly to take in the observance of the Constitution."

Kolb's Alleged Programme. MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 4 .- J. C. Manning, a member of the Legislature, one of the most prominent Populists in the State. and one of Koib's advisers, to-day gave out a portion of Kolb's programme. Manning said Kolb will issue certificates of election as Governor de jure to Goodwin, Howard, the two Aldrichs and Robinson as Congressmen from this State. Howard will also have one from Oates. His seat is disputed. The programme is to have the Republican House first decline to seat either set of Representatives on the ground that both sides are provided with credentials signed by a Governor of Alabama. The only way that either can be seated then is by means of a resolution. It is proposed that Howard shall offer a resolution to seat the anti-Democratic Repre sentatives, two of whom are Republicans House is expected to seat them pending the termination of the contest. This would make the regularly elected Congressmen the proof on the Democratic side. This plan, it is said, would afford a temporary indorsement of Kolb as Governor and would be a source of trouble to the Oates circulated in every part of the State calling upon Congress to investigate Alabama elections and begging for a special act to re-store in Alabama a republican form of government. Numerous affidavits affirming that Kolb was elected, but deprived of his seat by force, will also be presented to Congress. Reese will be also given a cer-tificate of election by Kolb as United States Senator, and will contest Morgan. Knight's bill to punish political usurpers and their abettors, however, will be rushed through the General Assembly. It will become law by Friday, it is believed, and its enforcement will call for the imprisonment of all the parties to the plan. The address of Captain Kolb was re-ceived here to-night, but it created very little talk. Representative Knight, of Hale who introduced in the Legislature the bill against usurpation in Alabama, which will pass the House in the morning and then

promptly go to the Senate, said to-night: "As to usurper Kolb's revolutionary mes-sage ever being presented to the Legis-lature it is out of all question, and is too ridiculous to be seriously commented on. As a matter of course, it will never be permitted to be presented to the Legislature and any one possessing the effrontery to attempt to present such a document will be, beyond all question of a doubt, arrested for contempt of that body. As to his advice to his supporters and those tax collectors of the State who are friendly with his cause not to pay taxes until his cause is heard, it is the vaporing of a maniac, for the laws of the State of Ala-bama relative to the collection and payment of State taxes into the State treasury are too expressive and mandatory. Furthermore, any officer violating the statute in that respect would be equally as sum-marily dealt with as the State courts will doubtless deal with Kolb. Governor Oates is fully competent, and everybody who knows him knows that he win faithfully and rigidly execute the laws.

TILLMAN'S SUCCESSOR.

John Gary Evans Becomes Governor

of South Carolina. COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 4.-Benjamin Ryan Tillman is no longer Governor of South Carolina. At 1:30 day he was succeeded by his chief lieutenant, John Gary Evans. Sevthe hall of the House of Representatives, despite a raw and chilly day, with intermittent rains, to witness the ceremonies of inauguration. As the inaugural procession entered the band played "Hail to the Chief." Prominent among those on the rostrum were United States Senator Irby, ex-Governor Tillman and the justices of the Supreme Court. After prayer by the Rev. ministered to Governor Evans by Chief Justice McIver. Governor Evans then stepped forward to address the audience. I The Lindell railway was the first in

of my age to the highest honor in the gift of the people would have been regarded almost as unconstitutional. A young man in South Carolina would have not dared to aspire to this honorable position for fear of galning the odium of that class who by reason of age or inheritance considered th offices as their particular property without regard to the popular will. There are some who still regard the political revolution of 1890, which gave to us an cristocracy of brains, instead of lands and money, as an hallucination and was the reign of the demagegue. This gentle slumber will result in good and the Rip Van Winkles of the State will awake to find themselves monuments of antiquity surrounded by monuments of antiquity surrounded by young men of modern progress and development who have nothing but love and reverence for them. It is a matter of congratulation to the people that the effort to stay the course of reform by an appeal to an ignorant and purchaseable vote has been rebuked the second time in a manner unmistakable in terms and let us hope that in future there will be found in the State no man so ignoble as to dare threaten us with return of the dark days from 1868 to 1876. It is unfortunate, indeed, that the foundation of our social and political institutions is the unity of the white people. Toundation of our social and political institutions is the unity of the white people. This condition was thrust on us by the emancipation and enfranchisement with one stroke of unfortunate, ignorant people, unfit to govern even themselves. Placed in power by the bayonet, forced to govern their former masters, we thus witness a spectacle seldom recorded in history. A government of ignorance, vice and corruption over wisdom, virtue and honesty. "I say here on the threshold of my adcorruption over wisdom. virtue and honesty.

"I say here on the threshold of my administration that it is time for our people to come together and be a united people and let the responsibility fall on those of the opposition who insist upon a 'rule or ruin' policy. We are fast coming to the plight which Ireland is in. Our great plantations are becoming merely the hunting preserves of the wealthy, and the laborer, year by year, is being ground to poverty and servility. The party which has been true to us in the past and to which we must look in the future has suffered defeat from one extreme of the land to the other. must look in the future has suffered defeat from one extreme of the land to the other, and to-day not a Democratic State is left north of Mason and Dixon's line. The Northeast seems to be deaf to our appeals and the 'ray of light' which we had hoped for in the West has proved as fickle as an aurora borealis. South Carolina led in every great moral and political reform and it remains for us to set the pace for the Nation, which will ultimately bring relief to the entire people.

Of the dispensary law the new Governor says: "I am thoroughly satisfied, after an active canvass of the State, that the dispensary law is now written in the hearts of the people and is favored by fully 85 per cent. of the population. It shall be my duty and pleasure that the remainder respect and obey it." He sharply arraigned towns hostile to the dispensary law. The remedy was with the Legislature. Governor Evans's remedy is supposed to be a Evans's remedy is supposed to be a metropolitan police law for Charleston and other towns where the administration of the dispensary law is obstructed.

MILITIA MUST GO.

Georgians Don't Want Ravishers Protected from Lynchers. ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 4.-The refusal of the Georgia Legislature to continue the military appropriation for the next two years is variously interpreted, but the theory most generally accepted is that the Legislature is tired of the work to which the troops have been put during the four years of Governor Northen's administration and the evidence that they will be similarly used by Governor Atkinson, Governor Northen's great zeal for the sup pression of lynch law led him on several occasions to call out the military companies to protect ravishers whose lives were being sought. One of the first acts of Governor Atkinson in October was to order a company to the protection of negro in Jasper county, who was lynched before the soldiers could reach the spot. The feeling among the legislators is that every county in the State is capable of taking care of its own affairs and that the sheriffs do not want the unwelcome aid of military companies from other sources. It was estimated that the quickest and best way to keep the Governors from posing as great military commanders was to withdraw the appropriations which maintained the State

M'KINLEY AT NEW YORK. The Governor Predicts Good Work by Mayor Strong.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.-The annual dinner of the Ohio Society at Delmonico's this evening was made the occasion of a compliment to Mayor-elect Strong, the retiring president of the society. A number of distinguished guests were present, among them being Governor McKinley, of Ohio, who, however, announced in the early part of the evening that he would make no After Recorder-elect Goff had paid his respects in a characteristic way to the bosses there were loud and continued cries for "McKinley," and the Buckeye Governor, who had taken a seat in a secluded corner

was finally persuaded to make a brief speech. He said: "Colonel Strong was elected Mayor of New York, not because he is from Ohio, but for what he is and for what he stands. I am convinced that he will bring to his office the same clean. manly methods that have characterized his usiness life. I wish for him all the success due the chief magistrate of the greatest city of the greatest State of the greatest nation under the sun.". Mr. Packard read a letter from Dr. Parkhurst, who was absent because of the death of his mother-

MODERN WITCHCRAFT.

Duty as a Motive Power.

Electricity Harnessed and Made to Do Louis Republic. "Of all the strange things that I have Joplin mine, who had not visited a large city for a dozen years, "the electric railways are to me the most astonishing. The cable system can be readily understood, but what strikes me as almost marvelous is that twenty cars can be run by power passing over a wire which itself is not strong enough to move a single car." The general public is almost as ignorant of the powers of electricity as the mine foreman. People talk of the electric fluid, while no such thing exists. Electricity is not a fluid, but a force. It is the only force that occupies no measurable space. It is not only in visible, but imponderable and has no dimensions. It cannot be seen or heard, but it can be felt and its force measured. Just what electricity is scientific men do know. Its existence is recognized only by its effects. The force of gravitation alone excepted it is the most mysterious agency in nature. In no branch of what may be called the commercial sciences is there such field for the inventor. Commercial electricity has not yet discarded its swaddling clothes. Additional interest is given to the subject of electricity by reason of the completion of the new power house for the Lindell railway system. This magnificent structure of iron and brick with grani-toid floors is fitted with improved and newly invented and designed machinery, and be-

youd all doubt the finest power-house in The engine room is about thirty feet high and 105 feet square. The engines are among the largest ever constructed of the Porter-Allen type and are capable of producing a current equal to 3,500 mechanical horse-power. They are enormous. The diameter, fifty-six inches wide and make 140 revolutions per minute. Attached to each by a belt ninety feet long, fifty-six inches wide, weighing about 1,200 pounds, and which, when the engines are in operation, travels at the rate of a fraction less than a mile a minute, is a multi-polar dynamo, which produces the current. The engines are fed with steam from four batteries of a capacity of 1,000-horse each, and the furnaces are of the Hawley down-draught pattern, which insures protection against any smoke nuisance. The most interesting portion of the house to the visitor is the switch board. At the north end of the room is a white marble slab, sixty feet long, eleven feet high. All the current produced is transmitted through wires running through the slab by various switches to those parts of the line where it is required to propel the cars of the

company.

The Lindell system is divided into twenty sections, each of which is represented on the switch-board. An accident to a wire on one section does not interfere with any other part of the road, and if an accident does occur in one section the cars on the balance of the system run just as smoothly as ever. To describe all the workings of the electric current passing through these wires would require a well-versed electrician, but there is one point which is of very great interest to all, and that is what precautions have been taken to insure the ublic against accidents by falling or mis-laced wires. The moment an accident or breakage occurs to a trolley or feed wire the circuit is cut out and the flow of the electric current on that section stopped. It is done so quickly as to be practically instantaneous. This is accomplished by means of an automatic circuit breaker. By reason of the breaking or misplacement of a wire a magnet becomes unduly sensitized and throws off the current that supplies that portion of the road.

a rolling equipment the most spacious, lux-uriant and elegant for like service ever designed. It was the first to introduce the transfer system, and is now the first to introduce an infallible appliance for the prevention of accidents to the public. Every improvement made by the Lindell railway has benefited the public; they have erected magnificent terminal stations, for their accommodation in our beautiful park and given to the residents of St. Louis an opportunity to visit nearly every part of the city, whether on business or pleasure, at a nominal expense.

Dynamite Claims Four Victims. OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 4.—A quantity of dynamite exploded at Hull, near here, to-day, killing three men and a boy engaged in laying water pipes. The names of the victims are: N. Martin, aged thirty-six; Henry Lamarche, aged forty-two: T. Seguin, aged fifty-eight, and C. Barbeau, aged ten years. Martin and Seguin were engaged in thawing the dynamite. Wood work close by became ignited and while engaged in extinguishing the flames the men forgot the dead y explosive. Soon it men forgot the dead y explosive. Soon it was surrounded by fames and in a moment blew up. Mart'n was decapitated. Seguin was frightfully disfigured. Lamarche, who was passing by at the time, was disfigured almost teyond identification. Barbeau, a school boy, had a portion of his head blown off along with one arm. None of those in the vicinity escaped unhurt.

Charged with Conspiracy to Steal. Charged with Conspiracy to Steal.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—The two heads of the Swartz Iron and Metal Company, Mark S. Swarts, president, and Seymour S. Swarts, cashier and treasurer, also Barnett Graff, head of the Graff Contracting Company, were arrested to-day on warrants charging conspiracy to steal. The Swarts company and the Graff company, wealthy and prominent concerns, inchased the debris of the Columbian Inti-mural railway from the trustees, Jesse an Isaac Seligman, of New York. It is charged that their thefts occurred in connection with this deal, and that, acting in conjunction with W. S. Malone, an intramural railway employe. Malone, an intramural railway employe, they, by a system of underweighing, se-cured an immense amount of the steel and fron from the world's fair road without

Coal Operators Ask a Reduction. PITTSBURG, Dec. 4.—The railroad coal operators held a meeting to-day to take action looking toward a reduction in the price of mining in this district. A resolution was passed stating that it is impossible to compete with firms who are not pay-ing the scale rate of 69 cents and asking for a reduction. The matter was then re-ferred to the arbitrators, F. L. Robbins and M. H. Taylor, for immediate action.

Bishop Haygood May Not Recover. ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 4.-Bishop Atticus J. Haygood, of the Methodist Church, South, is dangerously ill at Oxford, Ga. He is suffering from a high fever and was delirious all last night. Fears are entertained that he may not recover.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over fif'y years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

At the Old Stand. C. Schrader has again resumed the china business at his well-known store, Nos. 72 and 74 East Washington street, where he has for many years sold goods to most of the housekeepers in Indianapolis.

Tender lungs cannot long withstand the ecome inflamed and then tuberculated unless the mischief is arrested. One bottle of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar will generally cure the worst cough and prevent all danger. Sold by all druggists. Pike's toothache drops cure in 1 minute.



Dark, yellow, oily, mothy skin, pimples, blackheads, roughness, redness, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes prevented and cured

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. It is so because it strikes at the CAUSE of most complexional disfigurations, viz.: the CLOGGED, INFLAMED, DERITATED, OVERWORKED, OF SLUGGISH PORE.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DEUG AND CHEM. CORP., sole proprietors, Boston. 49- "All about the Blood, Skin, Scalp, and Hair," mailed free.

Excelled by None

that I could not attend to my business and was confined to at a time. I was advised to try Hood's

Be sure to get

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

GRAND - Mat. To-day-To-night The glorious success.

RICE'S SURPRISE

IN THE BIG OPERATIC "1492"

PRICES-Night: Side boxes, \$1.50; orchestra and dress circle, \$1; balcony (reserved). 75c; balcony (admission), 50c; gallery, 25c. Matinee: Side boxes, \$1; orchestra, 75c; dress circle, 50c; balcony, 25c. Saturday Mat. and Eve.—FIELD'S MINSTRELS. ENGLISH'S Mat. To-day-TO-NIGHT THE BIG SPECTACULAR EXTRAVAGANZA

Introducing RUSH AND GORMAN'S COMPANY of Beautiful Dancers, Sweet Singers, Handsome Girls and Clever Comedians, in a Gorgoous New Popular Prices. Night: Gallery, 15c; balcony, 25c dress circle, 50c; orch etra, 75c; orchestra circle, \$1 Matinee: Lower floor, 50c; balcony, 25c. ENGLISH'S To-morrow Eve. Only

M. B. Leavitt's Spectacular Production,

"Spider and Fly" And 10 PERFECT MODELS in BEAUTIFUL LIVING PICTURES.

PRICES-Gallery, 15c; balcony, 25c; dress circle, 50c; orchestra, 75c; orchestra circle, \$1. DNOTICU'C ONE NIGHT SATURDAY, Dec. 8.

JOSEPH JEFFERSON

'Rip Van Winkle' COMPANY CARRIES ALL SCENERY.

PRICES All first floor, \$2; first five rows bal-cony, \$1.50; balance of balcony, \$1; gallery, 50c general admission, \$1; box seate, \$2 and \$2.50 S at Sale Opens THIS MORNING.

GRAND—Next Week Julia:: Marlowe:: Taber

Tuesday-Romeo and Juliet. Wed'd'y-Belle's Stratagem, Chatterton. Th'rsd'y-(Bill as yet undecided.)
Friday - Love Chase.
Sat Mat-As You Like It. Sat. Eve-Ingomar.

PRICES-Night: Side boxes, \$1.50; orchestra and dress circle, \$1; balcony reserved), 75c; balcony (admission), 50c; gallery, 25c. Malinee; Orchestrand sidebox 8, 75c; dress circle, 50c; balcony, 25c. Advance sale opens to morrow, 9 a. m. Matinees Dally.

PRICES-10c, 20c and 30c. This Afternoon and To-night,

The Lively Musical Comedy.

CLEAN SWEEP Introducing Andy Amann and a clever com-

THURSDAY-"Across the Potomac." EMPIRE LADIES' ENTRANCE ON MATINEE at 2. TO-NIGHT at 8.

MAY HOWARD 20-HANDSOME LADIES-20 10-TALENTED GENTLEMEN-10 SEE "ONE HOSS CIRCUS."

Next Week-MAY SHAW CO. PROPYLAEUM. KATHERINE HOME TEA, SATURDAY, DEC. 8.

Sunday Journal

From 2 to 6 p. m. The public is invited.

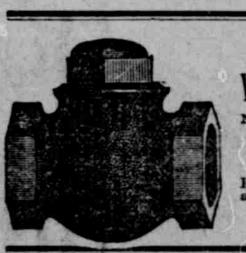
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Two Dollars per Annum

Armazindy, and, In fact, all the Love the odor Of this Fragrant Cigar. Yours Truly, Wm. Doney

Cigar Co.





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and Ammonia Fittings, METRIC METAL CO.'S Meters for Natural and Artificial Gas. STEAM, GAS and WATER GOODS Fitters' Tools, Packing, Belting and Steam Specialties. Plumbers General Agents for SNOW STEAM PUMP WORKS. 62 & 64 WEST MARYLAND ST.

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